UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA LAFAYETTE-OPELOUSAS DIVISION

Docket No. 02-20116 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, RICA, Plaintiff,

April 10, 2003 VS

ROBERT ALAN DARTEZ, ET AL,

Defendants. \* Lafayette, Louisiana

REPORTER'S OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF THE COURT'S COMMENTS PRIOR TO SENTENCING BY THE HONORABLE TUCKER L. MELANCON, UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE.

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#### PROCEEDINGS

(Call to order of the court.)

THE COURT: You may be seated.

Before imposing sentences in these related cases, I feel compelled as a United States Judge, as an American, to comment on what has taken place. It has not been my practice in the nine plus years that I have been a United States Judge, and it is certainly not my intention today, to pile on when a defendant has his or her day of reckoning and I have to sentence him or her to serve time in a federal penitentiary. However, because of the conduct that these defendants have admitted to in burning a cross in an effort to drive three African-Americans from their home because they were black, and their memberships in the American Invisible Empire, Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, I cannot remain silent.

It may be as Defendant Fuselier said at a preliminary proceeding in his case, that these five defendants were just a "bunch of drunk rednecks;" or it may be as others have suggested, the five were just "dumb as a bag of hammers." For what they have admitted doing and why they did it and the sentences that I will impose, it really doesn't matter which, if either, characterization is correct.

This Court believes, based on the defendants'

admitted membership in the American Invisible Empire,
Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, as well as the admissions made
by each of them when the Court accepted their guilty pleas,
and the information contained in the presentence reports
that were prepared on each defendant, that these five
defendants are domestic terrorists; that they are just as
much a threat to the United States as are the foreign
terrorists that our government has been battling since
September 11, 2001. While foreign terrorists would kill our
bodies and destroy our buildings, The American Invisible
Empire and the Ku Klux Klan, and what they stand for and the
type of conduct these defendants engaged in to rid
themselves of their black neighbors, attacks our Nation's
very soul.

The hate-mongers that these defendants belong to, the Ku Klux Klan, has a long and sordid history since its founding in 1866. This band of criminals formed primarily for, but not limited to, the South for the purpose of intimidating, threatening, creating mayhem, and murdering African-Americans, Roman Catholics, Jews, and immigrants had — and have — a complete intolerance for anyone who is different from them in beliefs, nationality, ethnicity, or religion.

Justice Clarence Thomas in a quote in his dissenting opinion in Virginia vs. Black, the cross burning

case that the United States Supreme Court decided this past Monday summed up this outlaw organization past and present most accurately as follows:

"The world's oldest, most persistent terrorist organization is not European or even Middle Eastern in origin. Fifty years before the Irish Republican Army was organized, a century before Al Fatah declared its holy war...the Ku Klux Klan was actively harassing, torturing, and murdering in the United States. Today...its members remain fanatically committed to a course of violent opposition to social progress and racial equality in the United States."

We in this country have a terrible history when it comes to race. While slavery and discrimination in public accommodations and in education have long since been made illegal, no law can be passed by the Congress and no ruling can be made by the United States Supreme Court that will change the hearts of the men and women who live here. As we fight a war against terrorism abroad, the war against those at home who would deny equal opportunity to our fellow Americans simply because of the color of their skin — the domestic terrorists — must go on.

I would like to thank United States Attorney Don Washington, the chief federal law enforcement officer for the Western District of Louisiana, the 42 parishes that lie to the west of the Mississippi River, with all the burdens that have been placed on him and his office since

September 11, 2001, for bringing this case. I invite and encourage him to bring many more such cases to court so that we can rid ourselves of these vermin, these cluckers, and finally put our past in the past.

My thanks to Mr. Washington's assistant, Mr. Jim McManus, and to Ms. Jacqueline Spratt, trial attorney for the Department of Justice from Washington, D.C., for the manner in which they prosecuted these cases. Ms. Spratt, please extend my thanks to Attorney General John Ashcroft and Deputy Attorney General for Civil Rights Ralph Boyd for the amount of resources that the United States has dedicated to this prosecution.

Last, but certainly not least, I would like to thank the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the FBI, for their fine work in investigating these cases and bringing these criminals to justice. Good job.

It doesn't escape me that as our country enters the third week of war in Iraq, as of yesterday, based on information provided by the Pentagon, 101 of our servicemen and women have been killed, a significant number of whom were African-American.

There is a song from the Broadway musical and movie South Pacific that I saw as a young child that has stayed with me. It is entitled "You've Got to be Carefully Taught," and the lyrics read like this:

You've got to be taught to hate and fear.
You've got to be taught from year to year.
It's got to be drummed in your dear little ear.
You've got to be carefully taught.

You've got to be taught to be afraid of people whose eyes are oddly made, and people whose skin is a different shade. You've got to be carefully taught.

You've got to be taught before it's too late, before you are six or seven or eight, to hate all the people your relatives hate. You've got to be carefully taught.

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I don't know what it is in your histories,
Mr. Dartez, Mr. Fuselier, Mr. Hammer, Mr. Trahan, and
Mr. Harris, your families or your community or both, that
made you think that it was okay to hate people because of
the color of their skin, but the conduct that each of you
has admitted to cannot -- and will not -- be tolerated in
the United States of America in 2003.

I recently saw an interview with Alice Walker, the great American author and poet who wrote The Color Purple who happens to be an African-American born in 1944, two years before I was. Ms. Walker was asked what it was like to grow up in Georgia in the 1950s and the 1960s, how she was able to tolerate her life in the segregated South and the cruelty that black people had to endure along with the lynchings that were commonplace at that time. Ms. Walker

replied that her mother, who was a domestic worker, and her father, who was a sharecropper, had taught her that all white people were not evil; and that those white people who were treating black people so badly, "if they knew better, they would do better."

At your ages -- Mr. Dartez, 28, Mr. Fuselier, 32, Mr. Hammer, 22, Mr. Trahan, 24, and Mr. Harris, 22 -- and the opportunities that this country has given each of you, there can be no excuse -- none -- absolutely none -- for you not to have known better. Each of you should not only be sorry for what you did, you should be ashamed.

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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	WESTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA
3	LAFAYETTE-OPELOUSAS DIVISION
4	
5	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA *  * DOCKET NUMBER
6	vs * 02-20116 *
7	ROBERT A. FUSELIER, ET AL * **********************************
8	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
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10	I, LaRae Bourque, Official Court Reporter for the
11	United States District Court, Western District of Louisiana,
12	do hereby certify that the foregoing 8 pages are a true and
13	accurate transcript of the proceedings had in this matter,
14	as hereabove set forth, and that I have no interest of any
15	nature whatsoever regarding the ultimate disposition of this
16	litigation.
17	I further certify that the transcript fees and format
18	comply with those prescribed by the Court and the Judicial
19	Conference of the United States.
20	
21	LARAE BOURQUE, RPR, CRR
22	Official Court Reporter
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